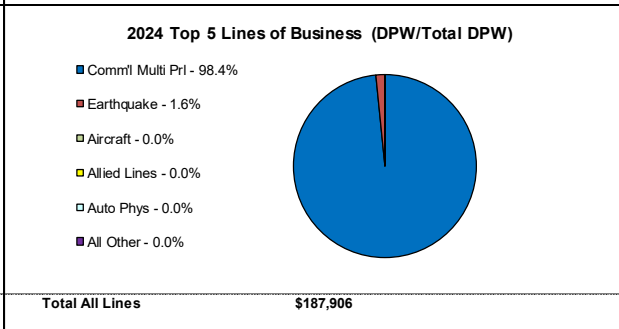
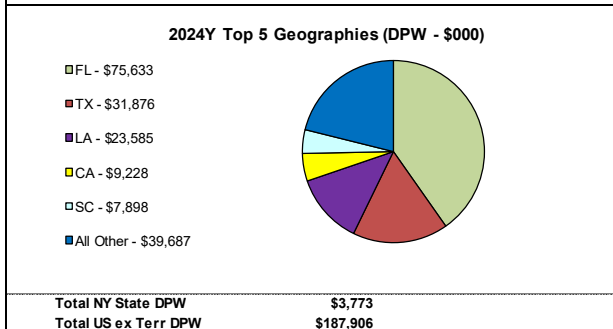
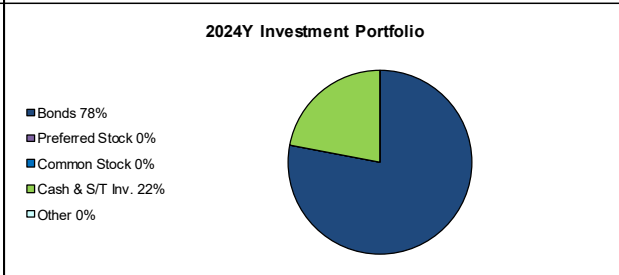
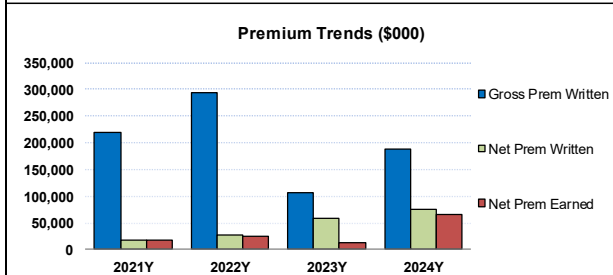
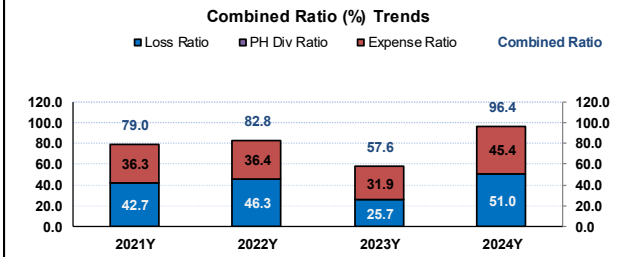
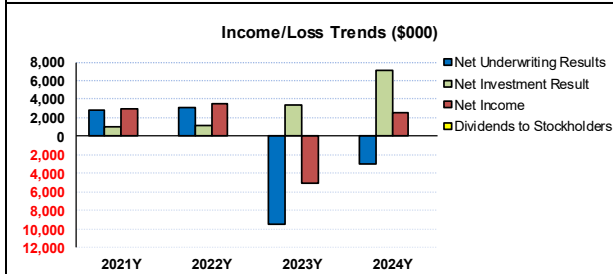


VELOCITY SPECIALTY INSURANCE COMPANY, NAIC #39640
PARENT – Velocity Holdco, LLC

Dollars in 000

	2021Y	2022Y	2023Y	2024Y		2021Y	2022Y	2023Y	2024Y
Total Assets	85,827	95,480	185,462	241,943	RBC Ratio (%)	459.1	550.9	603.8	635.0
Total Liabilities	22,932	28,672	77,785	130,170	2yr Res Development	-330	-920	0	0
Policyholder Surplus	62,895	66,807	107,677	111,773	2yr Dev / Surplus	-59.0%	-155.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cash & Invested Assets	76,065	84,779	138,176	186,476	Affiliated Common Stck	0	0	0	0
Cash & Invested Assets/ Total Assets	88.6%	88.8%	74.5%	77.1%	Affiliated CS / Surplus	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net Cash from Operations	5,917	8,037	61	48,701	Net Reins Recoverable	415,446	549,672	231,387	189,517
Loss & LAE Reserves	2,589	3,689	3,100	28,384	Net Reins Rec / Surplus	660.5%	822.8%	214.9%	169.6%
Loss & LAE Reserves/Surplus	4.1%	5.5%	2.9%	25.4%	AMB / S&P Ratings	A- / NR	A- / NR	A- / NR	A- / NR

**TOP 5 REINSURERS FOR VELOCITY SPECIALTY INS CO. BY GROSS RECOVERABLES**

PERIOD: 2024Y

Dollars in 000

Reinsurer	Reinsurance Class	Reins Authorized Status	Gross Recov	Over 120 Days Overdue
1 - United Specialty Insurance Company	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	149,035	0
2 - Motors Insurance Corporation	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	12,778	0
3 - ACE Property and Casualty Insurance Company	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	11,147	0
4 - Accident Fund Insurance Company of America	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	2,861	0
5 - Markel Bermuda Limited	Non-US Unaffiliated	Authorized	2,783	0

Important Information Regarding Financial Summaries

This financial summary contains information helpful to New York excess lines brokers in meeting their non-delegable duty to use "due care" in the selection of a financially secure excess line insurer. Definitions of the financial terms used in the summaries appear as pop-up boxes when hovering your mouse over the corresponding text. For additional guidance on assessing insurance company financial statements, please reference "ELANY COMPLIANCE ADVISOR: FUNDAMENTALS OF INSURANCE COMPANY FINANCIAL ANALYSIS".

The Excess Line Association of New York has compiled the insurance company financial information from the Annual Statutory Financial Statements. All ratios, charts, and graphs are based on the compiled information. We have made every effort to ensure all information transcribed for these pages is correct. However, the Excess Line Association of New York cannot attest to the accuracy of data provided by its sources, nor do we make any warranties, either expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or completeness of information presented in this document. We assume no responsibility for loss or damage resulting from the use of this information.

HISTORY

Velocity Specialty Insurance Company (Velocity) was formerly called Independent Specialty Insurance Company (Independent Specialty). It was incorporated in the State of Ohio in April 1959 as Investment Life Insurance Company of America, Inc. As of September 1980, the Company's was owned by American Insurance Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of Fireman's Fund Insurance Company ("FFIC"). The articles of incorporation were amended under a plan of reorganization and recapitalized, effective as of March 30, 1981, changing the Company's status from that of a life insurer to a property-casualty company with the name Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of Ohio. On January 2, 1991, FFIC and its subsidiaries were sold to Allianz SE. On January 1, 2017, the Company was acquired by United Specialty Insurance Company, a subsidiary of the State National Insurance Company (State National). On January 30, 2017, the Company re-domesticated to Delaware and renamed it Independent Specialty. On July 26, 2017, the Markel Corporation (Markel) announced its acquisition of State National, completed on November 17, 2017. On June 27, 2023, Velocity Holdco, LLC (Holdco) completed its acquisition of the company and adopted its current name. The company has been eligible to write surplus lines business in New York since December 13, 2017. As of December 31, 2024, Velocity Specialty is a Delaware domestic surplus lines insurer and operated on a nonadmitted basis in forty-eight (48) states and the District of Columbia.

REINSURANCE

Velocity Specialty maintains various reinsurance programs including excess of loss and quota share layers placed with financially sound reinsurance partners or fully collateralized reinsurers. The reinsurance program includes XOL for treaty and facultative for every program with various layers such as single event losses from the 1-in-10 to the 1-in-450-year return periods with reinstatement protection for all layers. For the years 2021 and 2024, the company's net reinsurance recoverable totaled approximately \$415M, \$550M, \$231M and \$189M, reflecting 660%, 823%, 215% and 170% of company surplus.

HOLDING COMPANY

Velocity Holdco was incorporated in 2021 and is based in Nashville, Tennessee. Velocity Holdco is a wholly owned subsidiary of OCM Velocity Holdings, LLC, whose parent is Oaktree Capital Management (OCM), ultimate parent. OCM is a U.S.-based private investment firm founded in 1995 with over \$185B of assets under management and offices in Europe, Asia and Middle East. OCM specializes in alternative investments with a focus on credit, private equity, real assets and listed equities. In March 2019, Brookfield Asset Management acquired a majority interest in Oaktree. As of December 31, 2024, Velocity Specialty was rated by AM Best 'A-' and assigned the financial size of VIII (\$(\$100M - \$250M).

SUBSEQUENT NOTEWORTHY OBSERVATIONS

Factory Mutual Insurance Company has completed the acquisition of Velocity Specialty. Factory Mutual is the new parent, effective May 5, 2025. On May 29, 2025, AM Best upgraded Velocity Specialty's rating to "A" from "A-" following completion of FM acquisition.

Last revised: May 2025

AM Best Disclaimer Notice:

Please see "Understanding Best's Credit Ratings" at <http://www.ambest.com/ratings> for rating disclosures related to the use and limitations of Best's Credit Rating, and for additional information regarding the development of a Best's Credit Rating, and other rating-related information and definitions. Best's Credit Ratings® reproduced herein appear under license from A.M. Best and do not constitute, either expressly or impliedly, an endorsement of ELANY or its recommendations, formulas, criteria or comparisons to any other ratings, rating scales or rating organizations which are published or referenced herein. A.M. Best is not responsible for transcription errors made in presenting Best's Credit Ratings®. Best's Credit Ratings® are proprietary and may not be reproduced or distributed without the express written permission of A.M. Best Company.

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Financial Term	Definition
2y Dev/Surplus (IRIS #12)	Reflects the magnitude of two years of loss reserve development in relation to prior reported surplus. A positive ratio indicates the portion of reserves that may have been underestimated in prior years in relation to prior year's surplus. A negative ratio indicates the portion of reserves that may have been overestimated in prior years in relation to prior year's surplus.
2yr Res Development	The two-year increase or decrease in loss and loss adjustment expenses as a result of the re-estimation of reserves. A positive number indicates that reserves may have been underestimated in prior years. A negative number indicates that reserves may have been overestimated in prior years.
Affiliated Common Stock	The amount of common stock owned by the insurer that represents investments in affiliates or subsidiaries.
Affiliated CS / Surplus	The percentage of surplus that is comprised of investments in affiliates or subsidiaries.
AMB / S&P Ratings	Financial strength ratings from AM Best Company and Standard & Poor's. ¹
Cash & Invested Assets	Bonds, stocks, mortgage loans on real estate, real estate, cash related investments, contract loans, invested assets, write-ins and receivable for securities.
Cash & Invested Assets/Total Assets	A measure of liquidity that indicates the portion of assets held in cash or marketable securities.
Combined Ratio	A measure of overall underwriting profitability. It is the sum of the loss and expense ratios. A combined ratio of less than 100% indicates an underwriting profit.
Dividends to Stockholders	Distribution of earnings to stockholders paid in the form of money, stock, scrip, etc. The amount is decided by the board of directors.
DPW – Direct Premiums Written	Premiums written including gross premiums booked, adjusted for additional or return premiums, on policies where the company is the primary or direct carrier, as it relates to a specific line of business.
Expense Ratio	The ratio of underwriting expenses to net premiums written. The ratio represents the percentage of net premiums written that went toward underwriting expenses, such as commissions to agents and brokers, state and municipal taxes, salaries, employee benefits and other operating costs.
Gross Premiums	The total premium written and assumed by an insurer before deductions for reinsurance.
Loss & LAE Reserves	The estimated liability for unpaid insurance claims that have occurred as of a given evaluation date. Usually includes losses incurred but not reported (IBNR), losses due but not yet paid, and amounts not yet due. For individual claims, the loss reserve is the estimate of what will ultimately be paid out on that claim.
Loss & LAE Reserves/Surplus	Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves as a percentage of policyholders' surplus. The higher the value, the greater the insurer's reserve leverage and the greater the financial pressure on surplus.
Loss Ratio	The ratio of incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses to net premiums earned. A measure of the underlying profitability, or loss experience, of a total book of business.
Net Cash from Operations	Indicates net cash generated from insurance operations, including underwriting and investment activities, after accounting for dividends and taxes paid.
Net Income	The total after-tax earnings generated from operations as reported in the insurance company's statutory annual statement.
Net Investment Result	The return received by insurers from their investment portfolios including interest, dividends and realized capital gains/losses on stocks.
Net Premiums Earned	The portion of net premiums written that the policyholder has already paid and for which the insurance company has already afforded coverage.
Net Premiums Written	Represents gross premium written less reinsurance ceded.
Net Reins Rec / Surplus	Measures the dependence on reinsurers and potential exposure to adjustments on such reinsurance as a percentage of surplus.
Net Reins Recoverable	The total ceded reinsurance recoverables due for paid losses, unpaid losses, losses incurred but not reported (IBNR), unearned premiums and commissions less funds held from reinsurers.
Net Underwriting Results	Net premiums earned less incurred losses, loss adjustment expenses, and underwriting expenses incurred.
PH Div Ratio	A return of premium to policyholders based upon financial results of the company and lower-than-expected claims. Usually paid by mutual companies

Financial Term	Definition
Policyholder Surplus	The difference between total admitted assets and total liabilities. It also is the sum of paid in capital, paid in and contributed surplus, and net earned surplus, including voluntary contingency reserves. As of January 1, 2025, the minimum policyholder surplus requirement for eligible insurers in New York is \$49 million.
RBC Ratio (%)	<p>This ratio identifies the insurers that are inadequately capitalized by dividing total adjusted capital by the minimum amount of capital that regulatory authorities feel is necessary to support their operations and investments.</p> <p>A ratio of 200% or more results in “no action” from regulators. However, insurers whose ratio is between 200% and 300% may be subject to the Property/Casualty trend test, which will trigger a “Company Action Level” event if the insurer’s combined ratio is greater than 120%.</p> <p>A ratio of 150% to 200% results in a “Company Action Level”, under which the insurer must prepare a report to the regulator outlining a comprehensive action plan that identifies the conditions that contributed to their current financial condition as well as remediation plans.</p> <p>A ratio of 100% to 150% results in a “Regulatory Action Level”. In addition to the insurer filing an action plan, the state insurance commissioner is required to perform any examinations or analyses that he or she deems necessary and issue appropriate corrective orders to address the insurer’s financial problems.</p> <p>A ratio below 100% triggers an “Authorized Control Level” or “Mandatory Control Level”, under which the regulator can take steps to place the insurer under its control.</p>
Total Assets	Assets that are permitted by state law to be included in the company’s financial statements. Admitted assets generally include assets that are liquid and whose value can be objectively assessed, or receivables that can reasonably be expected to be paid.
Total Liabilities	A summation of all company obligations recognized on the balance sheet. This includes provisions for loss and unearned premium reserves, commissions payable and other balances due.

¹ AM Best - A Best’s Financial Strength Rating is an independent opinion of an insurer’s financial strength and ability to meet its ongoing insurance policy and contract obligations. It is not a warranty of a company’s financial strength and ability to meet its obligations to policyholders. “View our “Guide Best’s Credit Ratings” for rating disclosures related to the use and limitations of Best’s Credit Rating, and for additional information regarding the development of a Best’s Credit Rating, and other rating-related information and definitions. <https://web.ambest.com/home>

¹S&P - Please see “Intro to Credit Ratings” at <http://www.spglobal.com/understandingratings> to learn more.