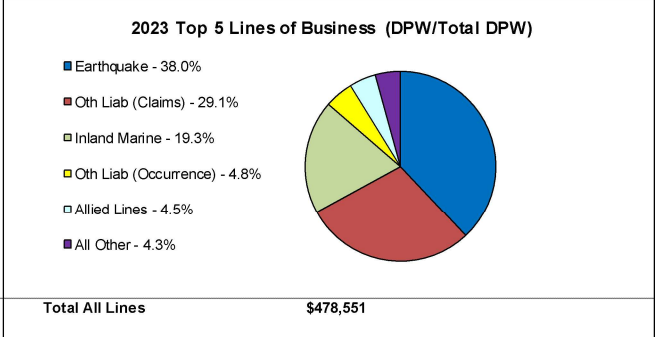
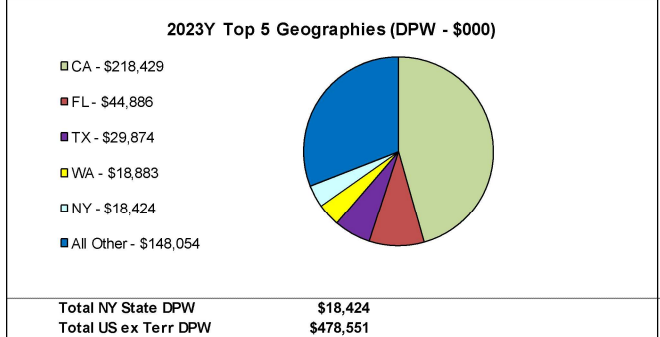
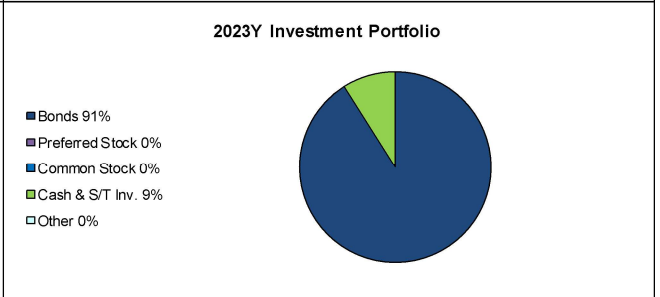
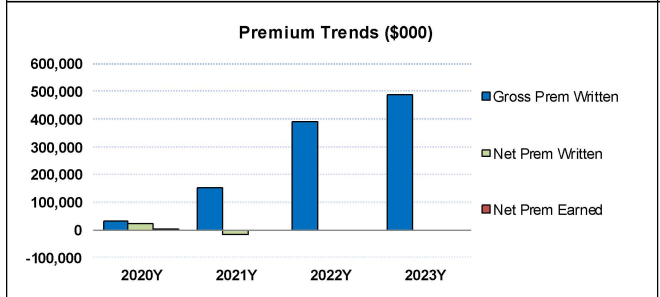
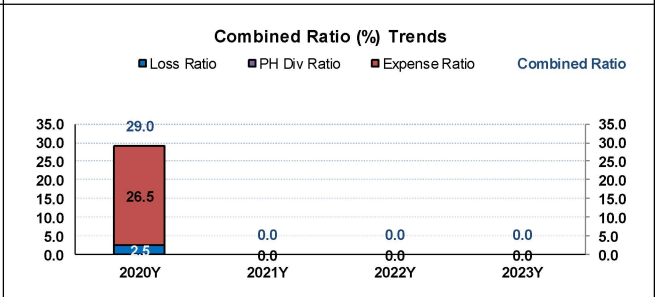
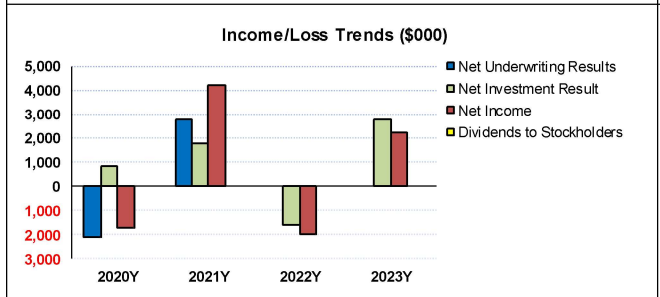




**PALOMAR EXCESS AND SURPLUS INSURANCE COMPANY, NAIC #16754
PARENT – Palomar Holdings Inc**

Dollars in 000

	2020Y	2021Y	2022Y	2023Y		2020Y	2021Y	2022Y	2023Y
Total Assets	125,372	145,337	121,562	165,878	RBC Ratio (%)	2,910.2	5,676.5	3,349.3	1,309.9
Total Liabilities	24,988	36,423	14,581	56,748	2yr Res Development	0	0	-83	0
Policyholder Surplus	100,384	108,913	106,981	109,130	2yr Dev / Surplus	NA	NA	-8.3%	0.0%
Cash & Invested Assets	104,298	137,488	97,431	108,629	Affiliated Common Stock	0	0	0	0
Cash & Invested Assets / Total Assets	83.2%	94.6%	80.1%	65.5%	Affiliated CS / Surplus	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net Cash from Operations	8,526	-4,209	3,266	23,404	Net Reins Recoverable	2,046	0	0	437,313
Loss & LAE Reserves	98	0	0	0	Net Reins Rec / Surplus	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	400.7%
Loss & LAE Reserves/Surplus	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	AMB / S&P Ratings	A- / NR	A- / NR	A- / NR	A- / NR



TOP 5 REINSURERS FOR PALOMAR EXCESS & SURPLUS INS BY GROSS RECOVERABLES

PERIOD: 2023Y

Dollars in 000

Reinsurer	Reinsurance Class	Reins Authorized Status	Gross Recov	Over 120 Days Overdue
1 - Palomar Specialty Insurance Company	US Affiliated Pooling	Authorized	205,057	0
2 - Swiss Reinsurance America Corporation	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	48,497	0
3 - Munich Reinsurance America, Inc.	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	45,283	0
4 - GeoVera Insurance Company	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	18,009	0
5 - Great American Insurance Company	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	14,258	0

Important Information Regarding Financial Summaries

This financial summary contains information helpful to New York excess lines brokers in meeting their non-delegable duty to use "due care" in the selection of a financially secure excess line insurer. Definitions of the financial terms used in the summaries appear as pop-up boxes when hovering your mouse over the corresponding text. For additional guidance on assessing insurance company financial statements, please reference "ELANY COMPLIANCE ADVISOR: FUNDAMENTALS OF INSURANCE COMPANY FINANCIAL ANALYSIS".

The Excess Line Association of New York has compiled the insurance company financial information from the Annual Statutory Financial Statements. All ratios, charts, and graphs are based on the compiled information. We have made every effort to ensure all information transcribed for these pages is correct. However, the Excess Line Association of New York cannot attest to the accuracy of data provided by its sources, nor do we make any warranties, either expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or completeness of information presented in this document. We assume no responsibility for loss or damage resulting from the use of this information.

See A.M. Best and S&P Disclaimer on Summary Report page.

ULTIMATE PARENT – Palomar Holdings Inc

Corporate Profile		Financial Strength Ratings
Address:	Palomar Holdings, Inc. 7979 Ivanhoe Avenue La Jolla, CA, 92037	S&P Global: - Moody's: #OUTSIDE SUBSCRIPTION Fitch: - AM Best - P&C: -
Website:	plmr.com	
President :	Jon Marcus Christianson	
Ticker Symbol:	NASDAQGS: PLMR	
SEC Filing:	10-K	

Highlights (\$000)	2020Y	2021Y	2022Y	2023Y
Total Assets	729,092	925,734	1,306,450	1,708,022
Total Policy Reserves	312,525	458,031	702,729	939,378
Total Debt	3,012	2,187	38,466	53,685
Total Other Liabilities	22,233	29,979	34,374	61,965
Sep Account Liabilities	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	365,379	531,565	921,696	1,236,770
Total Equity	363,713	394,169	384,754	471,252
Total Liab & Equity	729,092	925,734	1,306,450	1,708,022
Book Value / Share (\$)	14.25	15.50	15.37	19.02
Reserves / Investments & Cash (x)	0.69	0.89	1.13	1.27
Reserves / Liabilities (x)	0.86	0.86	0.76	0.76
Reserves / Equity (x)	0.86	1.16	1.83	1.99
Debt / Equity (x)	0.01	0.01	0.10	0.11
Dec. 31 Closing Price (\$)	88.84	64.77	45.16	55.50
Net Income (\$)	6,257	45,847	52,170	79,201
Basic EPS (\$)	0.25	1.80	2.07	3.19
Investment Yield (%)	2.58	2.28	1.16	3.94
Ratios (%)				
Loss Ratio	41.30	17.70	24.90	21.00
Expense Ratio	61.20	62.20	55.50	55.70
PH Dividend Ratio	0.00	0.10	0.00	-0.10
Combined Ratio	102.50	80.00	80.40	76.60

HISTORY

Palomar Excess & Surplus Insurance Company (Palomar E&S) was organized in the state of Arizona in the second quarter of 2020. Palomar E&S is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Palomar Insurance Holding, Inc. (PIH), a Delaware company, which in turn is wholly owned by Palomar Holdings Inc (PHI). PHI also wholly owns Palomar Specialty Insurance Company (PSIC) and Palomar Insurance Agency, Inc., d/b/a Prospect General Insurance Agency, Inc. (PGIA). PSIC, domiciled in Oregon, is the primary operating subsidiary and is an admitted insurer licensed in 30 states, while PGIA is a managing general agency formed to underwrite specialty insurance products on behalf of PSIC, Palomar E&S and third-party insurance companies. As of December 31, 2023, Palomar E&S is an Arizona domestic surplus lines insurer and operated on a non-admitted basis in all fifty (50) states and the District of Columbia.

REINSURANCE

Palomar E&S and its two affiliates are participants in an intercompany pooling agreement with PSIC, pool lead retaining 100%. Palomar E&S cedes 100% of its premiums to PSIC but does not receive a share of the pool's combined results. As a result of the pooling agreement, no values are reported for net premiums written or earned, underwriting income, and the various combined ratio trends. As such, the financial strength of Palomar E&S is heavily dependent upon the credit risk of PHI, as well as investment risk of its own investment portfolio, managed in common by PHI. For the years 2020 through 2022, Palomar E&S net reinsurance recoverable did not exceed 3% of company surplus. For the year 2023, recoverable was \$437M or 401% of its surplus.

HOLDING COMPANY - [Website](#)

PIH is a wholly owned subsidiary of Palomar Holdings, Inc. (Palomar/PHI). PHI, headquartered in La Jolla, California, was originally a Cayman Islands company, formed in October 2013, and re-domesticated to Delaware in March 2019. PHI became a publicly traded company in April 2019, on the NASDAQ. PHI is an indirect ultimate parent of PHI's operating subsidiaries, and the direct parent of Palomar Specialty Reinsurance Company Bermuda Ltd. (PSRE). PSRE, formed in August 2014, provides reinsurance support exclusively to PSIC. The Palomar Group of insurance companies (Group) focuses on the provision of specialty property insurance for residential and commercial clients, such as earthquake, wind, and flood insurance. For the years 2020 and 2023, the group was rated 'A-' by A.M. Best and assigned the financial size of IX (\$250M-\$500M).

SUBSEQUENT NOTEWORTHY OBSERVATIONS

Effective July 30, 2024, AM Best upgraded Palomar Excess and Surplus Insurance Company Financial Strength rating to A from A-.

Last revised: July 2024

AM Best Disclaimer Notice:

Please see "Understanding Best's Credit Ratings" at <http://www.ambest.com/ratings> for rating disclosures related to the use and limitations of Best's Credit Rating, and for additional information regarding the development of a Best's Credit Rating, and other rating-related information and definitions. Best's Credit Ratings® reproduced herein appear under license from A.M. Best and do not constitute, either expressly or impliedly, an endorsement of ELANY or its recommendations, formulas, criteria or comparisons to any other ratings, rating scales or rating organizations which are published or referenced herein. A.M. Best is not responsible for transcription errors made in presenting Best's Credit Ratings®. Best's Credit Ratings® are proprietary and may not be reproduced or distributed without the express written permission of A.M. Best Company.

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Financial Term	Definition
2y Dev/Surplus (IRIS #12)	Reflects the magnitude of two years of loss reserve development in relation to prior reported surplus. A positive ratio indicates the portion of reserves that may have been underestimated in prior years in relation to prior year's surplus. A negative ratio indicates the portion of reserves that may have been overestimated in prior years in relation to prior year's surplus.
2yr Res Development	The two-year increase or decrease in loss and loss adjustment expenses as a result of the re-estimation of reserves. A positive number indicates that reserves may have been underestimated in prior years. A negative number indicates that reserves may have been overestimated in prior years.
Affiliated Common Stock	The amount of common stock owned by the insurer that represents investments in affiliates or subsidiaries.
Affiliated CS / Surplus	The percentage of surplus that is comprised of investments in affiliates or subsidiaries.
AMB / S&P Ratings	Financial strength ratings from AM Best Company and Standard & Poor's. ¹
Cash & Invested Assets	Bonds, stocks, mortgage loans on real estate, real estate, cash related investments, contract loans, invested assets, write-ins and receivable for securities.
Cash & Invested Assets/Total Assets	A measure of liquidity that indicates the portion of assets held in cash or marketable securities.
Combined Ratio	A measure of overall underwriting profitability. It is the sum of the loss and expense ratios. A combined ratio of less than 100% indicates an underwriting profit.
Dividends to Stockholders	Distribution of earnings to stockholders paid in the form of money, stock, scrip, etc. The amount is decided by the board of directors.
DPW – Direct Premiums Written	Premiums written including gross premiums booked, adjusted for additional or return premiums, on policies where the company is the primary or direct carrier, as it relates to a specific line of business.
Expense Ratio	The ratio of underwriting expenses to net premiums written. The ratio represents the percentage of net premiums written that went toward underwriting expenses, such as commissions to agents and brokers, state and municipal taxes, salaries, employee benefits and other operating costs.
Gross Premiums	The total premium written and assumed by an insurer before deductions for reinsurance.
Loss & LAE Reserves	The estimated liability for unpaid insurance claims that have occurred as of a given evaluation date. Usually includes losses incurred but not reported (IBNR), losses due but not yet paid, and amounts not yet due. For individual claims, the loss reserve is the estimate of what will ultimately be paid out on that claim.
Loss & LAE Reserves/Surplus	Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves as a percentage of policyholders' surplus. The higher the value, the greater the insurer's reserve leverage and the greater the financial pressure on surplus.
Loss Ratio	The ratio of incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses to net premiums earned. A measure of the underlying profitability, or loss experience, of a total book of business.
Net Cash from Operations	Indicates net cash generated from insurance operations, including underwriting and investment activities, after accounting for dividends and taxes paid.
Net Income	The total after-tax earnings generated from operations as reported in the insurance company's statutory annual statement.
Net Investment Result	The return received by insurers from their investment portfolios including interest, dividends and realized capital gains/losses on stocks.
Net Premiums Earned	The portion of net premiums written that the policyholder has already paid and for which the insurance company has already afforded coverage.
Net Premiums Written	Represents gross premium written less reinsurance ceded.

Financial Term	Definition
Net Reins Rec / Surplus	Measures the dependence on reinsurers and potential exposure to adjustments on such reinsurance as a percentage of surplus.
Net Reins Recoverable	The total ceded reinsurance recoverables due for paid losses, unpaid losses, losses incurred but not reported (IBNR), unearned premiums and commissions less funds held from reinsurers.
Net Underwriting Results	Net premiums earned less incurred losses, loss adjustment expenses, and underwriting expenses incurred.
PH Div Ratio	A return of premium to policyholders based upon financial results of the company and lower-than-expected claims. Usually paid by mutual companies
Policyholder Surplus	The difference between total admitted assets and total liabilities. It also is the sum of paid in capital, paid in and contributed surplus, and net earned surplus, including voluntary contingency reserves. As of January 1, 2019, the minimum policyholder surplus requirement for eligible insurers in New York is \$47 million.
RBC Ratio (%)	<p>This ratio identifies the insurers that are inadequately capitalized by dividing total adjusted capital by the minimum amount of capital that regulatory authorities feel is necessary to support their operations and investments.</p> <p>A ratio of 200% or more results in “no action” from regulators. However, insurers whose ratio is between 200% and 300% may be subject to the Property/Casualty trend test, which will trigger a “Company Action Level” event if the insurer’s combined ratio is greater than 120%.</p> <p>A ratio of 150% to 200% results in a “Company Action Level”, under which the insurer must prepare a report to the regulator outlining a comprehensive action plan that identifies the conditions that contributed to their current financial condition as well as remediation plans.</p> <p>A ratio of 100% to 150% results in a “Regulatory Action Level”. In addition to the insurer filing an action plan, the state insurance commissioner is required to perform any examinations or analyses that he or she deems necessary and issue appropriate corrective orders to address the insurer’s financial problems.</p> <p>A ratio below 100% triggers an “Authorized Control Level” or “Mandatory Control Level”, under which the regulator can take steps to place the insurer under its control.</p>
Total Assets	Assets that are permitted by state law to be included in the company’s financial statements. Admitted assets generally include assets that are liquid and whose value can be objectively assessed, or receivables that can reasonably be expected to be paid.
Total Liabilities	A summation of all company obligations recognized on the balance sheet. This includes provisions for loss and unearned premium reserves, commissions payable and other balances due.

¹ AM Best - A Best’s Financial Strength Rating is an independent opinion of an insurer’s financial strength and ability to meet its ongoing insurance policy and contract obligations. It is not a warranty of a company’s financial strength and ability to meet its obligations to policyholders. “View our “Guide Best’s Credit Ratings” for rating disclosures related to the use and limitations of Best’s Credit Rating, and for additional information regarding the development of a Best’s Credit Rating, and other rating-related information and definitions. <https://web.ambest.com/home>

¹S&P - Please see “Intro to Credit Ratings” at <http://www.spglobal.com/understandingratings> to learn more.